

**UNCLE SAM'S
ADVICE ON FLU**

U. S. Public Health Service Issues
Official Health Bulletin
on Influenza.

LATEST WORD ON SUBJECT

Epidemic Probably Not Spanish in Origin— germ Still Unknown—People Should Guard Against "Dragnet Infection"—Surgeon General Blum Issues Authoritative Statement.

Washington, D. C.—(Special)—Although King Alfonso of Spain was one of the victims of the influenza epidemic in 1918 and again this summer, Spanish authorities repudiate any claim to influenza as a "Spanish" disease. If the people of this country do not take care the epidemic will become so widespread throughout the United States that soon we shall have the disease called "American" influenza.

In response to a request for definite information concerning Spanish influenza, Surgeon General Rupert Blue of the U. S. Public Health Service has authorized the following official interview:

What is Spanish influenza? It is something new. Does it come from Spain?

"The disease now occurring in this country and called Spanish influenza," replies a very cautious King of "Coughs and Sneezes Spread Diseases"

Dangerous as Polio Can Be

In the nose, eyes, ears, back and other parts of the body and a feeling of severe sickness. In most of the cases the symptoms disappear after three or four days, the patient then rapidly recovers. Some of the patients, however, develop pneumonia, or inflammation of the ear, or meningitis, and many of these complicated cases die. Whether this so-called "Spanish" influenza is identical with the epidemics of influenza of earlier years is not yet known.

"Epidemics of influenza have visited the country since 1847. It is interesting to know that this first epidemic was brought here from Valencia, Spain. Since that time there have been numerous epidemics of the disease. In 1889 and 1890 an epidemic of influenza, starting somewhere in the Orient, spread first to Russia and thence over practically the entire civilized world. Three years later there was another flare-up of the disease. Both times the epidemic spread widely over the United States.

"Although the present epidemic is called "Spanish influenza" there is no reason to believe that it originated in Spain. Some writers who have studied the question believe that it came from the Orient and they call attention to the fact that the German epidemic of the disease at occurring along the eastern front in the summer and fall of 1917."

How can "Spanish influenza" be recognized?

"There is as yet no certain way in which a single case of Spanish influenza can be recognized. On the other hand, recognition is possible when there is a group of cases. In contrast to the outbreaks of ordinary coughs and colds, which usually occur during the cold months, epidemics of influenza may occur at any time of the year. Thus the present epidemic raged most intensely in Europe in May, June and July. Moreover, in the case of ordinary colds, the general symptoms

Continued on 4th Page.

THE BOYS IN KNAKI

The following is a letter from Corp. G. O. Langendorfer, Co. C, 32nd Signal Field Battalion, who has been in active service in France since April last. Corporal Langendorfer is brother of R. C. Langendorfer, who resides west of town "Hex," of whom he speaks in the letter, in Rex Odell, who owns an orange grove in the west end and is known by many of the vicinities as he ranches here until he left for camp last December:

"On Active Service with the American Expeditionary Forces, Friday, Sept. 16th, 1918.

"My Dear Ones at Home:

"Well, since I wrote you last I have quite a lot of news. First of all, I saw Rex—can you imagine that for luck? He and Jack came up from Nevada in their truck. They belittled at a little village and he saw two fellows talking on telephone lines and asked them what sort they belonged to. One said 32nd and that they knew me, and they took him to a telephone station and he called me up over the phone and, believe me, I never heard a voice sound so good in my life. Well, I was about two miles from him, so we met each other and had a grand old chat, believe me. Then the next evening I walked over to where he was and I kept everything he came over again, so we had quite a time together.

"We were relieved the next day, and we went back for rest. Have been up to front for about 40 days and, believe me, it seemed good to get back where it is quiet and to clean up and rest. We had two days' liberty away from quarters, and today we have to stick around. We leave for another front in a week or so. Well, as you have taken part in the great American offensive on the Chateau Tiersy-Somme front, and I have seen the whole work at all stages of the game. You, of course, know as much, if not more, about the drive than I do. A great many places of great interest and importance that you read of, I have been there and did my bit. It seems so good to talk to a place where there are civilians, etc., and where the country and towns are not a mass of smashed rock, and away from the terrible odors.

"I have filled up on fruit the past two days. It is awful high priced. Peaches and pears cost a franc apiece, apples two for a franc, and grapes about a handful for a franc. But the price is no object to a soldier in this country after being through what we have gone through. We will pay any price if we can get the fruit and the sweets, etc. All one has to do to go through a month or so up there to realize it. I was lucky to have my home just a bit, and I enjoyed a few things, anyway.

"Rex is hauling rock, etc., for the roads about 10 or 15 miles from the front. He has a pretty good job, though, and is satisfied. We are all ready for the war to end, though, as we have a great vision of home and dear ones there. I am well, as usual. Much love to you all, dear folks.

"As ever,

"CPL. G. O. LANGENDORFER."

Personal and Local Notes

Mrs. Dr. Frost is a guest of Mrs. D. M. Hartough this week.

C. M. Pierce was in Owensmouth Tuesday on business.

Mrs. L. Lindsey has returned from a week at the beach.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Martin of Corvallis visited Mrs. Pyster, Mr. Martin's father, the past week.

The Misses Viola Dale and Elizabeth Delaway are making the most of their enforced vacation by working at the Van Nuys cannery.

Community. In such a connection he is benefited in many ways.

FOR SALE—Jersey separator, 500-pound capacity; also chicken boxes, chicken wire and posts. Mrs. G. E. Dickey.

FOR SALE—Team of young mares, weight 2600. H. Barber, Van Nuys. Route 2. Phone 11712.

Are you going to buy your car before production stops? We have a new 1918 Model Dodge truck that will interest you. Do not delay. G. A. Huffaker, 256 Sherman Way, Van Nuys, Cal. Phone 25.

Will you purchase your hat by contract. Have tractor, Arthur T. Hess, 1144 West 30th St., Los Angeles, Cal. South

FOR SALE—Team of horses; will take War Bonds in part. Wanted waded pigs. C. F. Hale, Winnetka, 8. of Sherman Way.

FOR SALE—BAND CUTTER, NEARLY NEW. E. C. Langendorfer.

STRAYED to My Place—Horse and mule. Owner will have them by paying for ad and keep. Pyster Ranch.

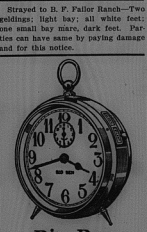
MULES, MULES, MULES

Quick Sale—One span mules; one odd mule. True pullers. Seriously sound. Wm. J. Lussen, H. J. Whitley Ranch, Van Nuys.

It is reported that William Alley, who is in the Naval Training Camp at Guipry, Miss., is ill with influenza. The case is not considered serious, however. Merrick Goodwin, who is at the same camp, is at present doing detail work in the hospital.

Mrs. George Craven was given a surprise party Friday evening. October 11. Music and dancing were enjoyed. Cake, sandwiches, coffee and melons were served. Those invited were: Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Oren and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. Burch and family, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Riddle and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Beckstead and son, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Beckstead and family, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Allen, Mr. J. B. Beckstead.

Strayed to B. P. Falor Ranch—Two geldings; light gray; all white face; one small bay mare, dark feet. Parties can have same by paying freight and for this notice.



Big Ben

the clock you've read so much about in the magazines, arrived in our store yesterday with 23 brothers.

They're the finest alarm clocks you've ever laid eyes on. They're built right and right from the ground up. We're practical clock men and we know.

They'll be in our window for the rest of the week and you'll wish you'd come in and look them over.

On account of increased cost to manufacture, Big Ben and Baby Ben are now

A. E. HARTMAN, Van Nuys

YOUR LOAN PAYMENTS ARE DUE NOW!

Make Loan Payments at the Bank

Parties who subscribed to the Second Red Cross Drive can make their payments at the Bank now.

The fourth and last payment on the third Liberty Loan subscription will be due and payable at the Bank August 15.

RED CROSS NOTICE!

An all-day meeting of Red Cross workers will be held on Tuesday at the library. Ladies are urged to bring their lunches.

Foundation of Dairy Herd

able at their little. At the end of the third week the substitution of the skim milk will be complete. By now the cream milk has increased three days after 20 pounds or 2 1/2 gallons a day. At this amount, however, it is sufficient to feed with the grain and hay. If skim milk is plentiful more milk can be used. The added amount will give proportionately better results.

Commeal, corn, and linseed oil mixed in the proportions of three, two, and one, makes an excellent milk mixer. When this feed with plenty of fine clover or alfalfa hay makes an ideal supplement to skim milk in balancing the ration. Calfes should be allowed all the grain that they will eat until they consume three pounds in the afternoon. A feeder should use his judgment as to whether an increase is justified.

The calf, from the time it is two weeks of age, should always have clean, empty quarters, abundance of exercise, and access to plenty of clean, pure water.

The general practice is to feed cows skim milk for from two to six months. In the latter case, with full calves the time of full weaning from milk comes in the spring, when pastures are readily available. The system the calves usually make excellent growth during the respective period without any break in gain.

Need for Maintenance.

It should be remembered that a good dairy cow requires approximately 200 per cent of her own live weight in feed each year. This requires an even larger portion for maintenance.

Buy Bonds Before Being Boned.

Our local warehouse is fast establishing itself as an "essential salient" of the mass portions, those turbulent times, which ought to help some in knocking the 8-6 out of Wilhelms. It being the cheerful custodian of some 75,000 sacks of beans to date, an unprecedented amount! Our sector is most fortunate in being about the only place where the beans come in fully dry and not rain-spoiled. All high hopes as to Henderson Dash yields are fast coming true, as it is nothing unusual for them to yield 20 sacks to the acre, which at the current prices gives over \$200 an acre—bono! It is by these laudable concrete results that we know!

A slight barrage of orders has been successfully encountered, seven car loads having been sent out, with two more just ready to go. Activated have commenced in the Bean Association, as they are sending in orders for supplies. Rumor hath it that the government is about to assemble a huge amount of canned pork and beans, and our valiant "Anonim" is experimenting on the prevalent Ties. Here's hoping for the success of the running a 15-hour shift and employing about 20 men—our "over here" doughboys.

It behooves us to raise beans and buy bonds.

\$250 REWARD

for information that leads to finding the stealer of my car. My car has been hit by confidential. Someone took a drive of mine about October 7th. Who saw him? If he had a coach honey? Henry Elliott, Owensmouth P. O.

Holly Poultry Ranch

Hatchery capacity 60,000. S. C. White Leghorn chicks our specialty. Custom hatching. Agents for Famous Frazier Stove. A card brings our circulars. B.R.HOLLO-WAY, Hanna Station, Van Nuys. Phone 8121.

Office of the Farm Adviser, Room 257 Court House, Los Angeles, Cal. Oct. 14, 1918.

To the Directors, Los Angeles County Farm Bureau:

On account of the measures taken to prevent the spread of Spanish influenza, the date of the Annual Meeting of the Farm Bureau has been postponed two weeks to October 25th. We are glad to cooperate with the health authorities. Center Meetings scheduled for the week ending October 19th, will be continued.

W. S. ROEBERAN, Secy.

THRIFT STAMPS ON SALE

War thrift stamps and war saving certificates, otherwise known as junior Liberty bonds, are now on sale at the Owensmouth postoffice. The stamps sell at 25 cents each. The bonds cost \$1.12 during December and January and are payable in 1922, at which time each certificate will be worth \$5.

War Tax Revenue stamps are now on sale at the postoffice. All legal stamps now must carry revenue stamps.

All parcel post packages on which the Owensmouth 25-cent stamps are required to have affixed a war revenue stamp of 1 cent for each 25 cents in postage.

Send Home Papers to the Boys Over There Gen. Pershing says.

Owensmouth Gazette

Published Every Friday by
L. P. MITCHELL, Editor and Proprietor.

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One year (in advance), \$1.60; six months, 76c; single copy, 5c.

Advertising Rates on Application.

Phone—Van News 1181R1

OWENSMOUTH, CAL., FRIDAY, OCT., 18, 1918.

Saving Sugar Saves Shipping



AMERICAN families would have less sugar than the people of war torn France, if we depended entirely on our home-grown sugar stocks.

Approximately 75 per cent. of our sugar is shipped to our shores. We produce about 1,000,000 tons of sugar a year. Our imports from abroad amount to over 3,000,000 tons a year in normal times.

The United States Food Administration asks each family to limit its use of sugar to two pounds per month per person for household use. The military situation demands that every available ship be placed at the disposal of the Army or Navy. When we save sugar, we save shipping.

The natural, health germs we obtain from eating fruits and vegetables are vegetables and are shaped like a potato or a plump, spinelous cactus leaf.

Animal germs make the flesh sweet and juicy so that maggots can suck it in and grow on it but vegetable germs are incised in cells which are bitter on the outside which causes worms to shrink and shrivel and die and dry up so that their dead carcasses are blown out into the air through the lungs.

When the saliva is of its natural power and it comes in contact with these bitter cells the cells are instantly split open and the internal contents let out which causes the substance to be sweet to the taste.

As soon as we have eaten so that hunger stops the saliva will stop and then the food tastes bitter because the cells are not being broken open any more.

That is the time to stop eating and leave the table. If you turn off oat meal, toast, milk, eggs, cakes or some other of the filthy junk with which every table is loaded it is only offending worms and maggots.

It is oxygen that tastes bitter. Oxygen in cells is bitter to the taste because it tastes only the outside coating to the cells.

It is this bitter, outside coat that retains the expansive force of the germs in the cells.

When food is warmed or cooked by fire heat these coverings to the cellulose soaked in liee and tanned and the fibres separated like a wicker basket and the oxygen filters through and escapes so that the food has no force remaining in it.

After we tan a hide so that the fibres have separated then we rub grease into it to close the spaces between the open fibres.

Likewise the housewife cooks

FAMOUS "FIELD OF BLOOD"

With the Silver for Which He Sold His Master.

Just outside the walls of Jerusalem, in the Valley of Hinnom, is a rocky plain known as the Acedama or Field of Blood. It is the potter's field, purchased with the 30 pieces of silver for which Judas sold his master. Here for centuries visitors to the holy city, dying while on their pilgrimage found a resting place.

Gray and barren, it is a desolate spot, solitary but for the chance visitor and a few withered gray-headed monks from a nearby monastery. For a small fee, one of these ancient reciters will show you the sights of the place. Caves and underground passages, honeycombed with tombs, are cut in the rocky field. Your guide leads you down age-worn steps, cut perhaps in the sixth century, into crumbling halls. His torch casts flickering uncertain shadows on the damp gray walls. The place seems to reek of sleep; it is the place of the dead. On one side is the tomb of some warrior monk who followed the fortunes of Richard Lion Heart or England to the holy land, dying at the very gates of the city his master had hoped to conquer. He must have died penniless, for as so many of these soldiers did, else his bones had not rested in the potter's field.

Near Acedama is a ruined charnel house, said to have been built by the Crusaders for their dead. It is a tumbling ruin, nearly thirty feet long by twenty wide, with one side of naked rock. Beneath it are two of the largest caverns, their rock sides pierced with tombs and shallow graves. In the roof of the ruins are holes through which the bodies of the dead were lowered.

The Field of Blood is on the north-eastern slope of the Hill of Evil Counsel, where tradition says the villa of Calphurnia stood, and where the chief priest and elders plotted the execution of Jesus.

food until the fibre of the cells are separated and then puts in a hunk of fat to close the spaces between the fibres of the cells.

The Honey Man

BOYS TAKE HOLD IN GOODNESS OF AMERICAN WAY, SOLDIER SAYS

Hardships Ignored, Wounded Men Tells Mother—Don't Let Them Hinder Your War Work

By Mrs. Hazel Pedlar Faulkner

From a hospital somewhere in France a wounded American has written to his parents:

"We are going through hardships, but the boys are taking hold in the good old American way."

"What a message for those of us who have remained at home! What a challenge to the vast army of men and women who are in the home guard, carrying on in the thousand and one ways that the exigencies of war have brought upon us."

"We are going through hardships," we can believe that, when we recall the countless charges which our boys have been making over there, and the daily lengthening casualty lists which are resulting from their fearless devotion to the task that is set before them.

We know they are going through hardships, when we stop to think of the hundreds upon hundreds who are wounded, and who for the time being are in the hospital.

Where.

Owensmouth had a total back bond subscriptions with a balance of \$3,750.00. This year's total was \$26,150.00. This

war is waged by an enemy so skilled in all the fiendish devices in which the Germans have indulged, they are the inescapable portion of every soldier participating.

Could there be a better statement of their manner of facing what comes to them? Could there be a more definite course of action prescribed for those of us at home during these days which test the mettle of our souls?

The time for our message to the boys has come again. The Fourth Liberty Loan is to be our response to this wounded soldier's challenge.

MAKE YOUR ANSWER NOW

What are you going to take hold in the "good old American way?" We have not had to go through hardships—ours have been easier part. We have known little of sacrifice or deprivation. Compared with the efforts of our boys, we have done nothing as yet. And now, here is the challenge sounded to us.

The good old American way is all that is asked of you. What is that way?

You must frame the answer, mothers and sisters of the west. Yours is an important part in the reply which the nation will make to the boys overseas. There is not one of us who would not spare her soul if she could—yes, even spare some other mother's son the pain and hardship he must bear. We are not asked to do that. We could not, though we would.

But we can make his part easier to bear, we can go with him through the hardships by lending country of our money.

There is no longer need to explain what a Liberty Loan is. There is no more necessity for pointing out reasons for participation in it. This is the day when but to hear its call is to insure its heartiest support.

September 24th is the date set for our converted reply through the Fourth Liberty Loan. Let us take hold in "the good old American way." What is the very most you can do to make that advance a smashing success like the boys over there are making?

You Can Stop These Casualties Quickly

The Brutal, Bloody Hun will be stopped when an overwhelming American Army lands in France and crushes him—not before.

The Fourth Liberty Loan is the best step in getting that army across the Atlantic.

BUY LIBERTY BONDS DON'T MAKE EXCUSES

MAKE NO EXCUSES (Editor: This is suggested as a standing feature for display in or alongside casualty lists.)

IT PAYS TO PAY CASH
BETTER GOODS FOR LESS MONEY
Our prices are right and the quality guaranteed
Let us quote you prices. Yours for business,
J. G. GONDON

HELP WIN THE WAR BY
BUYING THRIFT STAMPS &
WAR-SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

The Government needs the money at once! You get 4 per cent interest, compounded quarterly. For further particulars inquire at this bank or the Postoffice!

STATE BANK OF OWENSMOUTH
BUY LIBERTY BONDS FROM UNCLE SAM AND YOUR MEAT FROM US!
OWENSMOUTH MEAT MARKET
FRED BALTER, Proprietor

Owensmouth Blacksmith Shop
ED V. ELLIS, Prop'r
Horseshoeing, General Blacksmithing and Repair work
Owensmouth, Cal.

Keep Him From Your Home
IF THE HUN WINS
You won't have to buy Liberty Bonds

Hammered.

—on rock, sand and gravel by six Test Car Fleets, Goodrich tires have been put to the supreme test of the road and PROVED. Get these tested tires from us.

Owensmouth Garage

C. F. RIDDLE, Prop'r

Free Maps and Touring Information

GOODRICH TESTED TIRES

CATERPILLAR WORK

Plowing, chiseling, etc. All kinds of team work.

JOE McDONALD

Phone 11834 - Owensmouth

02840

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

(Non-Cool Land)

No Withdrawals. Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 9, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Benjamin F. Johnson, of 404 S. Rowan Ave., Los Angeles, Cal., who, on April 23, 1916, made Homestead Entry No. 92846, for Lot 1, Sec. 23, T. 1 N., R. 19 W., Lot 3; SE1/4NW1/4; N1/4 SW1/4, Section 4, Township 18 S., Range 19 W., S. B. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Soldier's and Sailor's Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Los Angeles, Cal., on the 21st day of October, 1918, at 9:00 A. M.

Claimant names as witnesses: John H. Mandell, of Triunfo, Cal.; James A. Stott, of Triunfo, Cal.; Frank Parley, of Triunfo, Cal.; Harry S. Greenwood, of Los Angeles, Cal.

B. F. GROVER, Register.

A GOOD JUDGE
JUDGE PALMER
 HAS MADE GOOD
 ELECT HIM
 NOV. 5

William W. Widenham

GENERAL INSURANCE
 Fire, Auto, Contractors' Liability
 Compensation - Surety Bonds

803, 283, 804 STEVENSON BLDG.
 LOS ANGELES, CAL.

HOGS! HOGS! HOGS!

Big type Polands at Van Nuys. A few fancy gilts. One sire of serviceable size. Small weaning pigs at all times.

WM. G. LAUSEN,
 H. J. Whitley Ranch

BUY LIBERTY BONDS & THRIFT STAMPS FIRST!

HAMMOND LUMBER COMPANY

R. E. JOHNSTON, Manager Owensmouth, Cal.

... LUMBER ...

Lime, Plaster and Cement
 Sash, Doors and Mill Work
 Lath, Shingles and Shakes

WE are here for more than one purpose. Will not deny a selfish purpose to help ourselves—that is honest, isn't it? We claim to be here, too, for the good of Owensmouth and community. We try to do our share toward public improvements and enterprises. LIVE HERE. Pay our taxes here and do the best we can to upbuild our neighborhood. Assist yourselves and us by giving us your business. We will appreciate it.

Hyden Hardware Co.
 Owensmouth, Cal.

BEST DAIRY CATTLE BREEDS

In Making Selection Dairymen Should Take Local and Market Conditions Into Consideration.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Breeds of dairy cattle differ in both conformation and general characteristics. Each has been developed for certain ends. To make the greatest success a dairymen in selecting a breed should take local conditions and marketing requirements into consideration in connection with the characteristics of the various breeds. He should not allow personal preference to influence his selection if his favorite breed is unsuited to local conditions, but should give careful consideration to the breed or breeds already established in his community. In such a selection he is benefited in many ways.



Jersey Cow in Pasture.

For instance, a market is established, surplus stock may be disposed of to better advantage, co-operative advertising may be used and bulls may be bought co-operatively or exchanged readily among breeders.

Jersey cattle are the most numerous breeds in the United States, originated in the island of Jersey. Jerseys and Guernseys probably had the same foundation stock, but have been developed toward different ideals so that the breeds now differ in a number of particulars.

Jerseys vary considerably in color. Shades of fawn, squirrel gray, mouse color and very dark brown are common. Jerseys have a highly organized nervous system and are usually somewhat excitable, responding quickly to good treatment and good feed. Cows average about 900 pounds and bulls 1500 pounds in weight. The Jersey cow gives rich, yellow-colored milk and is an excellent butterfat producer. In the Jersey breed, the average of 5,244 cows that had completed yearly records for the register of merit was 7,792 pounds of milk, testing 5.55 per cent, making 417 pounds of butterfat. The ten highest milk producers ranged from 12,048 to 16,822 pounds, an average, for these ten, of 17,202.4 pounds of milk. The ten highest butterfat producers range from 690.1 to 875.2 pounds, an average, for these ten, of 943.1 pounds of butterfat.

I told you the cause of influenza last week. Last week there were 88,000 influenza patients in the army and this week 167,000.

The cause of influenza is the membranes becoming so weak and thin as to let the atmospheric germs through into your flesh. Atmospheric germs are little animals or worms. The worms eat, gnaw and devour the whole internal structure of the body.

The person don't become sick unless the worms become starved for their regular diet and begin to gnaw the living fibres. After the worms learn to like the new living diet better than the old they lay their eggs and produce a new generation. The new generations treck out of the old dead substance and spread far and wide in the living flesh and the person soon dies.

Our penitents and wrestlers and athletes are not exempt from the worms because their swift, hard training drives out and hinders the fibers and their bulky bodies serve as a most appetizing bait for these worms.

C. W. DAYTON,

Help Uncle Sam Win the War Against the Kaiser by Buying Thrift Stamps and War Savings Certificates. For sale at Postoffice.

GEO. W. WEST
 MEN'S FURNISHINGS

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

GEO. F. BEALES, Nurseryman and Orchardist

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CHRISTENSEN'S GROCERY

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FRESH FRUIT, BERRIES AND VEGETABLES

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Owensmouth, Cal.

OWENSMOUTH FEED & FUEL CO.

Hay, Grain, Wood, Coal

POULTRY SUPPLIES

...ce claws to possible dis- if every employer and iron dealing with human new these things it might help. man who changes his job usually bores looking into he changed because he kept his position, and getting b better each time. But, other hand, he may have for some distinctly other which one is entitled to fore trusting him too far. erty company usually has- nant give a list of all em- for several years previ- he has been in business for part of that time he is give the dates and places, are carefully verified. In dates do not all check up, there appears to be a riot or episode that the ap- is trying to cover up, this of course, investigated. re there is no gap in a man's employments—that is, of his life when he was not some occupation and is probably serious—he is probably good risk?"

Notice
 account of the influenza str- the regular monthly Farm Center meeting to be held

to made waterproof.

The first program in the enter- tainment course which was postponed on account of the closing of the schools, will be given later at a date it is announced. Those who are fortunate enough to possess season tickets may use them just the same for all programs when given. The less fortunate ones will still be given an opportunity to by season tickets.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL

Owing to the fact that the date for the opening of school is uncertain, all of the children of the elementary school are asked to keep up their studies at home so far as possible. School books may be obtained from the janitor, J. S. Bradley, and, although no definite assignment can be made, the children are asked to go ahead, doing the written and oral work asked in the books. All written work should be saved to be handed in at the opening of school, and the oral work should be done carefully, preferably to the parents or an older pupil.

In arithmetic, special attention

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 THE BEST VALUE IN THE BUSINESS
 THE TRIPLE
 AGRICULTURAL LINE

soluble PLANT FOODS. Ideal Lime for all crops, whether trees, alfalfa, beans or truck farming. Early orders mean prompt delivery.

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Means the Carbonate of Lime. FERTI-LIME contains 85 per cent pure carbonate, and is absolutely free from CAUSTIC. NO BURN, and contains the person so dies.

